

CSV format parsing

[csvpars3_tst.zip](#)

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CSVPARS1.BAS

```
' CSV Parsing routine
' CircuitGizmos March 2013
'
' -----
' A routine to parse a CSV string
' Optionally specify
' - index to the entry required
' - the delimiter
' - suppress quotes

Print "CSV parsing test"
Print

Print "Data with space and comma"
cline$ = "12 0 in,out "
Print cline$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 0 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 1 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 3 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 4 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 5 )
Print
Print

Print "Data with space, comma, and tab"
cline$ = "12" + Chr$(9) + "0 in,out"
Print cline$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 0 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 1 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 3 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 4 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 5 )
Print
Print
```

```
Print "Data with just comma"
Print cline$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 0, ",")
Print FIELD$( cline$, 1, ",")
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2, ",")
Print
Print

Print "Data with quotes"
cline$ = "12," + Chr$(34) + "0 in" + Chr$(34) + ",out,fred," + Chr$(34) +
"zest step" + Chr$(34) + ",buh"
Print CLINE$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 1 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 3 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 4 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 5 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 6 )
Print
Print

Print "Data with quotes supressed"
Print CLINE$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2,,1 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 5,,1 )
Print
Print

Print "Data with quotes"
cline$ = Chr$(34) + "0 in" + Chr$(34) + ",out,fred," + Chr$(34) + "zest
step" + Chr$(34)
Print CLINE$
Print "_____"
Print FIELD$( cline$, 1 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 2 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 3 )
Print FIELD$( cline$, 4 )

' -----
'
'
' FIELD - CSV field parsing
' field_string$ = String to parse
' field_index    = Index to requested field
' field_delim$   = Optional field delimiters
```

```
' field_supress = Suppress quote in quoted field
'
' Parsing a CVS string - CircuitGizmos March 2013
'-----


Function FIELD$( field_string$, field_index, field_delim$, field_supress )
Local field_loop
Local field_dcount
Local field_dloop
Local field_length
Local field_field$

field_length = Len(field_string$)
field_field$ = ""
field_dcount = 1
field_loop = 1

' Delimiter defaults: SPACE COMMA TAB
If field_delim$ = "" Then field_delim$ = " ,," + Chr$(9)

Do
    field_delim = 0
    ' Process inside paren (no delimiters)
    If Mid$( field_string$, field_loop, 1 ) = Chr$(34) Then
        Do
            If field_dcount = field_index Then
                field_field$ = field_field$ + Mid$( field_string$,
field_loop, 1 )
            EndIf
            field_loop = field_loop + 1
        Loop Until (Mid$( field_string$, field_loop, 1 ) = Chr$(34)) Or
(field_loop > field_length)
        EndIf

    ' Search through delimiters
    For field_dloop = 1 To Len(field_delim$)
        ' If char is a delim
        If Mid$( field_string$, field_loop, 1 ) = Mid$( field_delim$,
field_dloop, 1 ) Then
            field_dcount = field_dcount + 1
            field_delim = 1
        EndIf
    Next field_dloop

    ' Add to returned string if not delim
    If field_delim = 0 Then
        If field_dcount = field_index Then
            field_field$ = field_field$ + Mid$( field_string$, field_loop, 1
)
        EndIf
    EndIf
```

```
EndIf

    field_loop = field_loop + 1
Loop Until field_loop > field_length

' Suppress quote / return field
For field_loop = 1 To Len(field_field$)
    If (Mid$( field_field$, field_loop, 1 ) = Chr$(34)) And (field_supress
=> 0) Then
        '
    Else
        FIELD$ = FIELD$ + Mid$( field_field$, field_loop, 1 )
    EndIf
Next field_loop

End Function
```

CSVPARS2.BAS

```
' A version of CSVPARS by TZAdvantage
' March 2013
' A function to parse a CSV string
'Required Global variable for GetFieldArray function
'Dimension this variable so that it can hold all values
Dim GetFieldArray$(12)
' Value is a minimal GPS record
Value$ = "$GPRMC,123519,A,4807.038,N,01131.000,E,022.4,084.4,230394,0
03.1,W*6A"
Cls
Print "GPS Record:"
Print Value$
Print
N = GetFieldArray(Value$)
'A list of all values
Print "List of all fields"
Print "-----"
For Index = 0 To N - 1
    Print Index, GetFieldArray$(Index)
Next
Print "-----"
Print
'or directly use a field
Speed = Val(GetFieldArray$(7))
Print "A field used by its index"
Print "-----"
Print "Speed = " Speed
Print "-----"
End
'
```

```
=====
=
' GetFieldArray
' A function to split a string into an Array of fields
'
' Author: TZ Advantage
' Date: 5 march 2013
' Version: 1.0
'
' This function requires the use of a global variable
' named GetFieldArray$(). It should be dimensioned large
' enough to contain all fields.
'
' Best used in situations when all fields are needed as
' it will be the fastest.
' Consider using the function GetField()
' when only one or two fields are needed or speed is of no concern
'
' Function parameters:
' Record$: A string containing the delimited fields
' Delimiter$: (Optional) delimiter character, when omitted a comma is used
' KeepQuotes: (Optional) [0|1]
'           Use value 1 if double quotes around field values have to be
kept,
'           when omitted or value 0 is used double quotes are discarded
'

=====
=
Function GetFieldArray( Record$, Delimiter$, KeepQuotes )
    Local Index, Char, InQuote, Count
    InQuote = 0
    Count = 0
    ' If no delimiter is provided use a comma
    If Delimiter$ = "" Then Delimiter$ = ","
    ' Loop through all the characters
    For Index = 1 To Len(Record$)
        Char = Asc(Mid$(Record$, Index, 1))
        If Char = 34 Then
            ' Flip InQuote between 0 and 1.
            ' A 1 will signal that the next characters
            ' are within quotes and delimiters should be ignored
            InQuote = Not InQuote
        EndIf
        ' Only check for delimiters when not within two quotes
        If Not InQuote And Instr(Delimiter$, Chr$(char)) >= 1 Then
            Count = Count + 1
        Else
            ' Only collect characters for the requested field.
            ' Add the character and only add quotes when KeepQuotes is 1
            If Char <> 34 Or KeepQuotes Then
                GetFieldArray$(Count) = GetFieldArray$(Count) + Chr$(char)
            EndIf
        EndIf
    NextIndex
EndFunction
```

```
    EndIf
EndIf
Next
GetFieldArray = Count + 1
End Function
```

CSVPARS3.BAS

```
' A version of CSVPARS by Andrew Rich VK4TEC
' March 2013
' Subroutine to parse a file of CSV data
' The relevant data must start with $ and end with *

Open "CSVPars3.tst" For input As 1
Max=10
Dim Arg$(10)
nmea_sentence
For i=1 To 10
    Print i, Arg$(i)
Next
Close #1
End

Sub nmea_sentence
Do
    msg$ ="$" ' subroutine start
    Do While Input$(1, #1) <> "$" : Loop ' wait for the start
    For i = 0 To max
        arg$(i) = "" ' clear ready for data
        Do ' loops until a specific exit
            x$ = Input$(1, #1)
            ' Print x$
            msg$ = msg$ + x$ ' get the character
            If x$ = "," Then Exit ' new data field, increment i
            If x$ = "*" Then Return ' we have all the data so return
            arg$(i) = arg$(i) + x$
            'Print arg$(i) ' add to the data
        Loop
        'Print arg$(i) ' loop back for the next char
    Next i ' move to the next data field
    ' Print "Corrupt data..." ' exceeded max data items
    'Print msg$
Loop

End Sub
```

CSVPARS4.BAS

```

' CSV Parse by Hugh Buckle
' March 2013
' Parses a CSV string into an array
' It is intended to be used with comma or tab delimiter.
' Loads each variable from a$ into array CSV$()
' Maximum size of the array is preset in CSVMax
'

' Limitations:
' - Assumes no quoted strings
' - Consecutive delimiters leave a nul entry in the array

' Test using comma delimiter
CSVDelimiter$=","
a$="one,%,-,two,three,Now is the time,,,/p,1234.56"

CSVMax=12           ' Get the first 12 values from the CSV file
Dim CSV$(CSVMax)
ParseCSV(a$,CSVDelimiter$,CSVMax)
Print "Cell","Value"
Print "----","----"
For i=1 To CSVMax
    ? i,CSV$(i)
Next
End

Sub ParseCSV(p$,d$,n)
    ' Parse the CSV values into array CSV$()
    ' Using d$ as the delimiter
    Local i
    Strt=1
    For i=1 To n
        Ptr=Instr(Strt,p$,d$)
        If Ptr=0 Then Ptr=Len(a$)+1      'Last item has no delimiter
        CSV$(i)=Mid$(p$,Strt,Ptr-Strt)
        If Ptr>=Len(p$) Then Exit For
        Strt=Ptr+1
    Next
End Sub

```

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